

#### BILL& MELINDA GATES foundation



# Scaling Up in Education

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# Scaling Up in Education



- Adapting an innovation successful in some GATES foundation
  Iocal setting to effective usage in a wide range of contexts
  - Fast food as example
  - Need not be one-size-fits-all; can be personalized, as with apps
- In contrast to experiences in other sectors of society, scaling up *successful* programs has proved very difficult in education
- The more complex the innovation and the greater the influence of setting, the more likely a new practice is to fail crossing the "chasm" from its original setting to other sites
  - Avoiding the "replica trap": the erroneous strategy of trying to repeat everywhere what worked locally, without considering challenges of size and contextual variations in needs/resources
    - Problems of magnitude
    - Problems of variation—not adoption, but adaptation

# **Exploring the Process of Scaling Up**

What are the steps - and traps - in moving from innovation to broad-based adoption and consequential change?

N/X

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Dimensions of Scale Taking an educational innovation completely to scale involves five di- mensions that reflect different as- peets of making an intervention effective in one setting useful across a wide spectrum of contexts.	Depth Getting to scale produces deep and consequential changes in practice. Requires evaluation and research to understand and enhance the causes of effectiveness.	Sustainability Sustaining scaled growth means maintaining these changes in practice over substantial periods of time. Requires robust design to en- able adapting to negative shifts in context.	Spread Scaling up is achieved by diffusion of the innovation to large numbers of users. Requires modifications to retain effectiveness while reducing the resources and expertise required.	Shift Ownership of the innovation is as- sumed by users, who deepen and sustain the innovation via adapta- tion. Requires moving beyond "brand" to support users as co-eval- uators, co-designers, and co-scalers.	Evolution The innovation as revised by its adapters is influential in reshaping the thinking of its designers. Requires learning from users' adaptations about how to rethink the innova- tion's model.
Sources of Leverage Each dimension provides leverage for the scaling process by evolving the intervention to increase its power, durability, applicability, and flexibility.	Evaluation and Re- search What are the sources of the innova- tion's effectiveness? What conditions does each source depend on for suc- cess? How sensitive is each source to these conditions? How consistent is the innovation with the current politi- cal and cultural context of educa- tional improvement?	Robust Design How can the innovation be modified so that it functions in various types of inhospitable conditions? How typical is each condition for success in the target population of users? How can developers support varied users while evolving toward condi- tions for success that enable full effectiveness?	Reducing Resources and Expertise How much is the overall power of the innovation affected by reducing its cost or the knowledge required to implement it? How much power is retained in a light version that re- quires fewer resources or less ex- pertise of its users? How can developers support light users to achieve full effectiveness?	Moving Beyond Brand How can developers support users going beyond what the originators have accomplished? How can devel- opers build users' capacity as co-evaluators, co-designers, and co-scalers? How can users form a "community of practice" that helps answer questions about scale?	Rethinking the Model How can developers unlearn their initial beliefs, values, and as- sumptions about the innovation, and generate willingness to start the innovation process over again? How can developers facilitate reconceptualization and discontinu- ous evolution? How can developers form a "community of reflective re- design" with other innovators?
Traps to Avoid Evolving along each dimension re- quires the developers of the innovation to overcome traps that have both cognitive and affective aspects.	Trap of Perfection Developers should not seek an unat- tainable goal of perfection at the cost of deflecting resources from other dimensions of scale. (The great should not be the enemy of the good.)	Trap of Mutation Developers should ensure that the ways they modify the innovation to adapt to various inhospitable con- texts do not undercut its core condi- tions for success.	Trap of Optimality Developers should realize a some- what less powerful innovation that reaches much greater numbers of users is a step forward.	Trap of Origination Developers should not attempt to control the original innovation in ways that deter adaptation and further innovation by users.	Trap of Unlearning Developers' unwillingness to take a fresh look can prevent genuine evolution.

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#### **Depth Steps Towards Scale**



- What are the sources of the innovation's effectiveness?
  - On what conditions for success does each source depend?
  - How sensitive is each source to attenuation or absence of a particular condition for success?
  - How consistent is the innovation with the current political and cultural context of educational improvement?

### **Sustainability Steps Towards Scale**



- How can I modify the innovation (robust-design) so that it functions in various types of inhospitable conditions?
  - How typical is each condition for success in my target population of users?
  - How can I support "robust-design" users in evolving towards conditions for success that enable full effectiveness?

### **Spread Steps Towards Scale**



- How can I modify the innovation to retain effectiveness while reducing resources and expertise required?
- How much is the overall power of the innovation affected by reducing its cost or the knowledge required to implement?
  - How much power is retained in a "light" version of the innovation that requires fewer resources or less expertise of its users?
  - How can I support "light" users to evolve towards sufficient resources and expertise to achieve full effectiveness?

#### **Shift Steps Towards Scale**

- How can I move beyond "brand" to support<sup>ndation</sup> users as co-evaluators, co-designers, and coscalers?
- How can I support users going beyond what the originators have accomplished?
  - How can I build users' capacity as co-evaluators? As co-designers? As co-scalers?
  - How can users form a "community of practice" that helps answer questions about scale?

### **Evolution Steps Towards Scale**



- How can I unlearn my beliefs, values, and assumptions about the innovation?
  - How willing am I to start the innovation process over again?
  - How can I "make the familiar strange" to facilitate reconceptualization and discontinuous evolution?
  - How can I form a "community of reflective redesign" with other innovators?

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REPLAY THE SCALING INTRO

SKIP AHEAD TO THE INTERACTIVE FRAMEWORK

#### The Scaling Framework

SBACK NEXT

DIMENSIONS OF SCALE	DEPTH	SUSTAINABILITY	SPREAD	SHIFT	EVOLUTION	
POWER OF DIMENSION	EVALUATION AND RESEARCH	ROBUST DESIGN	REDUCING NEEDS FOR RESOURCES AND EXPERTISE	MOVING BEYOND BRAND TO CO-OWNERSHIP	RETHINKING THE MODEL	
TRAPS TO AVOID	TRAP OF PERFECTION	TRAP OF MUTATION	TRAP OF OPTIMALITY	TRAP OF ORIGINATION	TRAP OF UNLEARNING	
ROLE OF TECHNOLOGY	CREATING POWERFUL LEARNING	MEETING SPECIAL NEEDS	PROVIDING EFFICIENCIES AND SUPPORTS	ADAPTING AND SHARING	STUDY OF ADAPTATIONS	
NEXT STEPS TO EXPLORE	UNDERSTANDING EFFECTIVENESS	COPING WITH DIFFICULT SETTINGS	DEVELOPING "LIGHT" VERSIONS	FOSTERING CO-DESIGNERS	EVOLVING DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS	
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http://www.microsoft.com/education/demos/scale/index.html

# Organic Scaling "like a weed"







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